

Custom Mix Cattle Feed MEDICATED

Active Drug Ingredient: TYLOSIN

This feed contains _____ grams per ton tylosin (Tylan)*

Active Drug Ingredient: MONENSIN

This feed contains _____ grams per ton of Monensin* (Rumensin)

Tylan: 8 to 10 g/ton** to provide 60 to 90 mg/head/day	For reduction of incidence of liver abscesses caused by <i>Fusobacterium necrophorum</i> and <i>Arcanobacterium (Actinomyces) pyogenes</i> in cattle fed in confinement for slaughter.
Monensin: 5 to 40 g/ton** Cattle being fed in confinement for slaughter, feed continuously in a complete feed to provide 50 to 480 mg/head/day.	For improved feed efficiency

*Grams per ton divided by 2 is equivalent to milligrams per pound.

** 90% dry matter

Note: At 8 grams tylosin/ton feed 15 to 22 lb/head/day continuously to provide 60 to 90 mg tylosin/head/day. At 10 grams/ton feed 12 to 18 lb/head/day continuously to provide 60 to 90 mg tylosin/head/day.

Feed _____ to _____ lb of feed/head/day to provide 50 to 480 mg monensin/head/day and 60 to 90 mg tylosin/head/day. No additional improvement in feed efficiency has been shown from feeding monensin at levels greater 30 g/ton (360 mg monensin per head per day)

Notice: Do not use in any finished feed (supplement, concentrate or complete feed) containing in excess of 2% bentonite

CAUTION: Do not allow horses or other equines access to feeds containing monensin. Ingestion of monensin by horses has been fatal. Monensin medicated cattle feed is safe for use in cattle only. Consumption by unapproved species may result in toxic reactions. Do not exceed the levels of monensin recommended in the feeding directions, as reduced average daily gains may result. If feed refusals containing monensin are fed to other groups of cattle, the concentration of monensin in the refusals and amount of refusals fed should be taken into consideration to prevent monensin overdosing.

WARNING: A withdrawal time has not been established for pre-ruminating calves. Do not use in calves to be processed for veal.